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Leading Iowa scientists urge Iowans to press presidential candidates for climate action

(Des Moines) Over the past four years, Iowa researchers and educators at nearly every college and university in the state have produced annual statements describing the real impacts Iowans are experiencing from climate change.

"The upcoming Iowa caucuses provide Iowans with a unique opportunity to bring their questions about the need for climate action into the national conversation," said David Courard-Hauri, Associate Professor, Director, Environmental Science and Policy Program at Drake University.

"As presidential candidates come to our state to ask lowans for their votes, lowans should ask these candidates how they will address the negative impacts that lowa farmers and communities have and will continue to experience," said Courard-Hauri.

The statement that was released today asks all candidates to answer the following question.

Iowa farmers and communities are already adapting to climate change, and 188 researchers and scientists at 39 Iowa colleges and universities have signed a statement warning that its effects are expected to get worse. What polices do you support to address this critical issue?

"Iowans are experiencing real impacts from climate change, including heavier rains, increased flooding and negative effects on human health. It is time to hear directly from presidential candidates their ideas for addressing this critical issue," said, Chris Anderson, Research Assistant Professor, Assistant Director, ISU Climate Science Program at Iowa State University.

The fifth annual statement, "Iowa Climate Statement 2015: Time for Action," which was released today, was signed by 188 science faculty and researchers from 39 lowa colleges and universities.

Here is a summary of climate facts in support of action.

- Humans are adding heat-trapping gases to the atmosphere. These gases are a major contributor to climate change.
- Climate change is already having significant effects on lowans economically, socially, and psychologically, and these impacts are expected to intensify.
- There is clear evidence that the frequency of intense rain has increased in lowa over the past 50 years.

- Natural systems are responding to the increase in the global average temperature. The
 northward expansion of species formerly restricted by a colder climate could disrupt natural
 ecosystems and introduce new agricultural pests and diseases.
- The changes are also expected to lead to negative health effects for lowans, including the direct impacts of flooding, stresses on the heart and lungs, allergens that are more abundant and have a longer season, and the spread of diseases carried by organisms like mosquitoes and ticks.
- If greenhouse gas emissions continue to increase, agriculture, human health, and economic stability will be affected in new and dramatic ways.

"There are policies and practices that, if implemented, would help lowans adapt to climate change in the short term and avoid unmanageable consequences in the long term," said Yogi Shah, Associate Dean, Department of Global Health at Des Moines University.

"We recognize the important responsibility Iowans have in the process of vetting presidential candidates and we strongly encourage all Iowans to ask them what specific policies they will advocate to address climate change in Iowa," said Shah.

The lead authors of the "lowa Climate Statement 2015: Time for Action" include:

David Courard-Hauri, Environmental Science and Policy Program, Drake University; Gene Takle and Chris Anderson, ISU Climate Science Program, Iowa State University, Greg Carmichael and Jerry Schnoor, Center for Global and Regional Environmental Research, University of Iowa; David Osterberg and Peter Thorne, Department of Occupational and Environmental Health, University of Iowa, College of Public Health; Yogi Shah, Department of Global Health, Des Moines University; and Neil Bernstein, Department of Natural and Applied Sciences, Mount Mercy University and with editing assistance from Connie Mutel, IIHR, Hydroscience & Engineering, University of Iowa.

The 39 Colleges and Universities of statement endorsers:

Central College
Clarke University

Clinton Community College

Coe College Cornell College

Des Moines Area Community College

Des Moines University Dordt College Drake University

Eastern Iowa Community College Ellsworth Community College

Grinnell College

Indian Hills Community College Iowa Central Community College Iowa Lakes Community College

Iowa State University

Iowa Valley Community College Iowa Western Community College Kirkwood Community College

Loras College Luther College

Maharishi University of Management

Morningside College

Mount Mercy University

Northeast Iowa Community College

Northwestern College Scott Community College Simpson College

Southeastern Community College Southwestern Community College

Saint Ambrose University University of Dubuque University of Iowa

University of Northern Iowa Upper Iowa University Waldorf College Wartburg College

Western Iowa Tech Community College

William Penn University

Endorser affiliations are for identification purposes only and do not reflect views of their academic institutions.

The statement can be found at www.cgrer.uiowa.edu